Urology Same Day Discharge Post-Op [1941]

General

Common Present on Admission Diagnosis

[ ]	Acidosis	Post-op
[ ]	Acute Post-Hemorrhagic Anemia	Post-op
[ ]	Acute Renal Failure	Post-op
[ ]	Acute Respiratory Failure	Post-op
[ ]	Acute Thromboembolism of Deep Veins of Lower Extremities	Post-op
[ ]	Anemia	Post-op
[ ]	Bacteremia	Post-op
[ ]	Bipolar disorder, unspecified	Post-op
[ ]	Cardiac Arrest	Post-op
[ ]	Cardiac Dysrhythmia	Post-op
[ ]	Cardiogenic Shock	Post-op
[ ]	Decubitus Ulcer	Post-op
[ ]	Dementia in Conditions Classified Elsewhere	Post-op
[ ]	Disorder of Liver	Post-op
[ ]	Electrolyte and Fluid Disorder	Post-op
[ ]	Intestinal Infection due to Clostridium Difficile	Post-op
[ ]	Methicillin Resistant Staphylococcus Aureus Infection	Post-op
[ ]	Obstructive Chronic Bronchitis with Exacerbation	Post-op
[ ]	Other Alteration of Consciousness	Post-op
[ ]	Other and Unspecified Coagulation Defects	Post-op
[ ]	Other Pulmonary Embolism and Infarction	Post-op
[ ]	Phlebitis and Thrombophlebitis	Post-op
[ ]	Protein-calorie Malnutrition	Post-op
[ ]	Psychosis, unspecified psychosis type	Post-op
[ ]	Schizophrenia Disorder	Post-op
[ ]	Sepsis	Post-op
[ ]	Septic Shock	Post-op
[ ]	Septicemia	Post-op
[ ]	Type II or Unspecified Type Diabetes Mellitus with Mention of Complication, Not Stated as Uncontrolled	Post-op
[ ]	Urinary Tract Infection, Site Not Specified	Post-op

Elective Outpatient, Observation, or Admission (Single Response)

( )	Elective outpatient procedure: Discharge following routine recovery	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op
( )	Outpatient observation services under general supervision	Diagnosis: Admitting Physician: Patient Condition: Bed request comments: PACU & Post-op
( )	Outpatient in a bed - extended recovery	Diagnosis: Admitting Physician: Bed request comments: PACU & Post-op
( )	Admit to Inpatient	Diagnosis: Admitting Physician: Level of Care: Patient Condition: Bed request comments: Certification: I certify that based on my best clinical judgment and the patient's condition as documented in the HP and progress notes, I expect that the patient will need hospital services for two or more midnights. PACU & Post-op

Admission or Observation (Single Response)
Patient has active outpatient status order on file

( ) Admit to Inpatient	Diagnosis: Admitting Physician: Level of Care: Patient Condition: Bed request comments: Certification: I certify that based on my best clinical judgment and the patient's condition as documented in the HP and progress notes, I expect that the patient will need hospital services for two or more midnights. PACU & Post-op
( ) Outpatient observation services under general supervision	Diagnosis: Admitting Physician: Patient Condition: Bed request comments: PACU & Post-op
( ) Outpatient in a bed - extended recovery	Diagnosis: Admitting Physician: Bed request comments: PACU & Post-op
( ) Transfer patient	Level of Care: Bed request comments: Scheduling/ADT
( ) Return to previous bed	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S, Scheduling/ADT

Admission (Single Response)
Patient has active status order on file

( ) Admit to inpatient	Diagnosis: Admitting Physician: Level of Care: Patient Condition: Bed request comments: Certification: I certify that based on my best clinical judgment and the patient's condition as documented in the HP and progress notes, I expect that the patient will need hospital services for two or more midnights. PACU & Post-op
( ) Transfer patient	Level of Care: Bed request comments: Scheduling/ADT
( ) Return to previous bed	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S, Scheduling/ADT

Transfer (Single Response)
Patient has active inpatient status order on file

( ) Transfer patient	Level of Care: Bed request comments: Scheduling/ADT
( ) Return to previous bed	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S, Scheduling/ADT

Code Status

[ ] Full Code	Code Status decision reached by: Post-op
[ ] DNR (Do Not Resuscitate)	
[ ] DNR (Do Not Resuscitate)	Does patient have decision-making capacity? Post-op

[ ]	Consult to Palliative Care Service	Priority: Reason for Consult? Order? Name of referring provider: Enter call back number:
[ ]	Consult to Social Work	Reason for Consult: Post-op
[ ]	Modified Code	Does patient have decision-making capacity? Modified Code restrictions: Post-op
[ ]	Treatment Restrictions	Treatment Restriction decision reached by: Specify Treatment Restrictions: Post-op

Isolation

[ ]	Airborne isolation status	Details
[ ]	Contact isolation status	Details
[ ]	Droplet isolation status	Details
[ ]	Enteric isolation status	Details

Precautions

[ ]	Aspiration precautions	Post-op
[ ]	Fall precautions	Increased observation level needed: Post-op
[ ]	Latex precautions	Post-op
[ ]	Seizure precautions	Increased observation level needed: Post-op

Nursing

Discharge Instructions

[X]	Follow-up with provider	Provider: On date:
[ ]	Follow-up with primary care provider	Routine
[ ]	Ambulate patient	Routine
[ ]	Patient may shower daily	Routine
[ ]	No heavy lifting greater than 15 lbs	Routine
[ ]	No driving for 2 weeks	Routine
[ ]	If patient discharged with foley catheter, provide teaching regarding care of leg bag and bedside bag.	Routine

Vital Signs

[X]	Vital signs - T/P/R/BP - per recovery routine	Routine, Per unit protocol, PACU & Post-op

Nursing Interventions

[ ]	Ambulate	Routine, As needed Specify: with assistance PACU
[ ]	Foley catheter care	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S Orders: Maintain PACU

[ ] Foley catheter - discontinue	Routine, Once If the urine is clear and a post void residual (PVR) checked. If PVR less than 150 mL may discharge and if PVR greater than 200 mL, notify MD. PACU Cont. To floor/ICU, Patient due to void within 6 hours of catheter removal. - If patient voids more than 200 mL -- continue to monitor I&O - If patient voids less than 200 mL within 6 hours after catheter removal, is uncomfortable or incontinent - perform bladder scan to assess residual volume. Follow nurse driven catheter removal algorithm if scanned volume greater than 200 mL: straight cath and record residual. Re-evaluate in 6 hours or sooner if symptomatic. May repeat x1. Scanned volume greater than 200 mL after straight cathed twice, contact physician. Catheter use: does not meet CDC criteria for catheter use., PACU
[ ] Patient education (specify)	Routine, Once Patient/Family: Education for: If discharging with foley catheter, provide teaching regarding care of leg bag and bedside bag., PACU
[ ] If Mitomycin C in the bladder:	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S Leave mitomycin C indwelling for at least 30 minutes - up to 60 minutes. Rotate patient from side to side every 20 minutes; then drain bladder, avoiding contact with mitomycin C and remove catheter., PACU

IV Fluids

IV Fluids (Single Response)

( ) sodium chloride 0.9 % infusion	100 mL/hr, intravenous, continuous, Post-op
( ) lactated Ringer's infusion	100 mL/hr, intravenous, continuous, Post-op
( ) dextrose 5%-0.9% sodium chloride infusion	100 mL/hr, intravenous, continuous, Post-op
( ) dextrose 5 % and sodium chloride 0.9 % with potassium chloride 20 mEq/L infusion	100 mL/hr, intravenous, at 100 mL/hr, continuous, Post-op
( ) dextrose 5 % and lactated Ringer's infusion	100 mL/hr, intravenous, continuous, Post-op
( ) dextrose 5%-0.45% sodium chloride infusion	100 mL/hr, intravenous, continuous, Post-op
( ) dextrose 5 % and sodium chloride 0.45 % with potassium chloride 20 mEq/L infusion	100 mL/hr, intravenous, continuous, Post-op

Medications

Medications

[ ] oxybutynin (DITROPAN) tablet	5 mg, oral, once PRN, bladder spasms, For 1 Doses, PACU & Post-op PACU continue to Floor/ICU
[ ] belladonna alkaloids-opium (B&O SUPPRETTES) 16.2-30 mg suppository	30 mg, rectal, once PRN, bladder spasms, For 1 Doses, PACU & Post-op Use if patient cannot take oral medication or if oral medication is ineffective. PACU continue to Floor/ICU
[ ] phenazopyridine (PYRIDIUM) tablet	200 mg, oral, once PRN, dysuria, For 1 Doses, PACU & Post-op PACU continue to ICU/Floor
[ ] HYDROcodone-acetaminophen (NORCO) 7.5-325 mg per tablet	1 tablet, oral, once PRN, moderate pain (score 4-6), For 1 Doses, PACU & Post-op

Medications- HMSTJ

[ ] oxybutynin (DITROPAN) tablet	5 mg, oral, once PRN, bladder spasms, For 1 Doses, PACU & Post-op PACU continue to Floor/ICU
[ ] belladonna alkaloids-opium (B&O SUPPRETTES) 16.2-60 MG suppository	60 mg, rectal, once PRN, bladder spasms, For 1 Doses, PACU & Post-op Use if patient cannot take oral medication or if oral medication is ineffective. PACU continue to Floor/ICU
[ ] phenazopyridine (PYRIDIUM) tablet	200 mg, oral, once PRN, dysuria, For 1 Doses, PACU & Post-op PACU continue to ICU/Floor
[ ] HYDROcodone-acetaminophen (NORCO) 7.5-325 mg per tablet	1 tablet, oral, once PRN, moderate pain (score 4-6), For 1 Doses, PACU & Post-op

Antiemetics - HMH, HMSJ, HMW, HMSTC, HMTW Only

[X] ondansetron (ZOFRAN) IV or Oral	**"Or" Linked Panel**
[X] ondansetron ODT (ZOFRAN-ODT) disintegrating tablet	4 mg, oral, every 8 hours PRN, nausea, vomiting, Post-op Give if patient is able to tolerate oral medication.
[X] ondansetron (ZOFRAN) 4 mg/2 mL injection	4 mg, intravenous, every 8 hours PRN, nausea, vomiting, Post-op Give if patient is UNable to tolerate oral medication OR if a faster onset of action is required.
[X] promethazine (PHENERGAN) IV or Oral or Rectal	**"Or" Linked Panel**
[X] promethazine (PHENERGAN) 12.5 mg IV	12.5 mg, intravenous, every 6 hours PRN, nausea, vomiting, Post-op Give if ondansetron (ZOFRAN) is ineffective and patient is UNable to tolerate oral or rectal medication OR if a faster onset of action is required.
[X] promethazine (PHENERGAN) tablet	12.5 mg, oral, every 6 hours PRN, nausea, vomiting, Post-op Give if ondansetron (ZOFRAN) is ineffective and patient is able to tolerate oral medication.
[X] promethazine (PHENERGAN) suppository	12.5 mg, rectal, every 6 hours PRN, nausea, vomiting, Post-op Give if ondansetron (ZOFRAN) is ineffective and patient is UNable to tolerate oral medication.

Antiemetics - HMSL, HMWB Only

[X] ondansetron (ZOFRAN) IV or Oral	**"Or" Linked Panel**
[X] ondansetron ODT (ZOFRAN-ODT) disintegrating tablet	4 mg, oral, every 8 hours PRN, nausea, vomiting, Post-op Give if patient is able to tolerate oral medication.
[X] ondansetron (ZOFRAN) 4 mg/2 mL injection	4 mg, intravenous, every 8 hours PRN, nausea, vomiting, Post-op Give if patient is UNable to tolerate oral medication OR if a faster onset of action is required.
[X] promethazine (PHENERGAN) IV or Oral or Rectal	**"Or" Linked Panel**
[X] promethazine (PHENERGAN) 12.5 mg in sodium chloride 0.9 % 0.9 % 20 mL for Alaris pump syringe option	12.5 mg, intravenous, every 6 hours PRN, nausea, vomiting, Post-op Give if ondansetron (ZOFRAN) is ineffective and patient is UNable to tolerate oral or rectal medication OR if a faster onset of action is required.
[X] promethazine (PHENERGAN) tablet	12.5 mg, oral, every 6 hours PRN, nausea, vomiting, Post-op Give if ondansetron (ZOFRAN) is ineffective and patient is able to tolerate oral medication.
[X] promethazine (PHENERGAN) suppository	12.5 mg, rectal, every 6 hours PRN, nausea, vomiting, Post-op Give if ondansetron (ZOFRAN) is ineffective and patient is UNable to tolerate oral medication.

Antiemetics - HMSTJ Only

[X] ondansetron (ZOFRAN) IV or Oral	**"Or" Linked Panel**

[X] ondansetron ODT (ZOFRAN-ODT) disintegrating tablet	4 mg, oral, every 8 hours PRN, nausea, vomiting, Post-op Give if patient is able to tolerate oral medication.
[X] ondansetron (ZOFRAN) 4 mg/2 mL injection	4 mg, intravenous, every 8 hours PRN, nausea, vomiting, Post-op Give if patient is UNable to tolerate oral medication OR if a faster onset of action is required.
[X] promethazine (PHENERGAN) IVPB or Oral or Rectal	**"Or" Linked Panel**
[X] promethazine (PHENERGAN) 25 mg in sodium chloride 0.9 % 50 mL IVPB	12.5 mg, intravenous, for 30 Minutes, every 6 hours PRN, nausea, vomiting, Post-op Give if ondansetron (ZOFRAN) is ineffective and patient is UNable to tolerate oral or rectal medication OR if a faster onset of action is required.
[X] promethazine (PHENERGAN) tablet	12.5 mg, oral, every 6 hours PRN, nausea, vomiting, Post-op Give if ondansetron (ZOFRAN) is ineffective and patient is able to tolerate oral medication.
[X] promethazine (PHENERGAN) suppository	12.5 mg, rectal, every 6 hours PRN, nausea, vomiting, Post-op Give if ondansetron (ZOFRAN) is ineffective and patient is UNable to tolerate oral medication.

Bowel Care (Single Response)

( ) sennosides-docusate sodium (SENOKOT-S) 8.6-50 mg per tablet	2 tablet, oral, nightly PRN, constipation, Post-op
( ) simethicone (MYLICON) chewable tablet	160 mg, oral, 4 times daily PRN, flatulence, Post-op
( ) docusate sodium (COLACE) capsule	100 mg, oral, 2 times daily PRN, constipation, Post-op
( ) magnesium hydroxide suspension - NOT RECOMMENDED FOR CHRONIC KIDNEY DISEASE STAGE 3 OR GREATER	30 mL, oral, every 12 hours PRN, constipation, Post-op Do not give if patient is on hemodialysis or is in chronic renal failure.
( ) bisacodyl (DULCOLAX) EC tablet	10 mg, oral, daily PRN, constipation, Post-op
( ) bisacodyl (DULCOLAX) suppository	10 mg, rectal, daily PRN, constipation, Post-op

Itching: For Patients GREATER than 77 years old (Single Response)

( ) cetirizine (ZyrTEC) tablet	5 mg, oral, daily PRN, itching, Post-op

Itching: For Patients between 70-76 years old (Single Response)

( ) cetirizine (ZyrTEC) tablet	5 mg, oral, daily PRN, itching, Post-op

Itching: For Patients LESS than 70 years old (Single Response)

( ) diphenhydrAMINE (BENADRYL) tablet	25 mg, oral, every 6 hours PRN, itching, Post-op
( ) hydrOXYzine (ATARAX) tablet	10 mg, oral, every 6 hours PRN, itching, Post-op
( ) cetirizine (ZyrTEC) tablet	5 mg, oral, daily PRN, itching, Post-op
( ) fexofenadine (ALLEGRA) tablet - For eGFR LESS than 80 mL/min, reduce frequency to once daily as needed	60 mg, oral, 2 times daily PRN, itching, Post-op

Insomnia: For Patients GREATER than 70 years old (Single Response)

( ) ramelteon (ROZEREM) tablet	8 mg, oral, nightly PRN, sleep, Post-op

Insomnia: For Patients LESS than 70 years old (Single Response)

( ) zolpidem (AMBIEN) tablet	5 mg, oral, nightly PRN, sleep, Post-op
( ) ramelteon (ROZEREM) tablet	8 mg, oral, nightly PRN, sleep, Post-op

VTE

DVT Risk and Prophylaxis Tool (Single Response)

Low Risk Definition Moderate Risk Definition
Pharmacologic prophylaxis must be addressed. Mechanical prophylaxis is optional unless pharmacologic is contraindicated. High Risk Definition
Both pharmacologic AND mechanical prophylaxis must be addressed.
Age less than 60 years and NO other VTE risk factors One or more of the following medical conditions: One or more of the following medical conditions:
Patient already adequately anticoagulated CHF, MI, lung disease, pneumonia, active inflammation, dehydration, varicose veins, cancer, sepsis, obesity, previous stroke, rheumatologic disease, sickle cell disease, leg swelling, ulcers, venous stasis and nephrotic syndrome Thrombophilia (Factor V Leiden, prothrombin variant mutations, anticardiolipin antibody syndrome; antithrombin, protein C or protein S deficiency; hyperhomocysteinemia; myeloproliferative disorders)
Age 60 and above Severe fracture of hip, pelvis or leg
Central line Acute spinal cord injury with paresis
History of DVT or family history of VTE Multiple major traumas
Anticipated length of stay GREATER than 48 hours Abdominal or pelvic surgery for CANCER
Less than fully and independently ambulatory Acute ischemic stroke
Estrogen therapy History of PE
Moderate or major surgery (not for cancer)
Major surgery within 3 months of admission

( ) Low Risk of DVT

[ ] Low Risk (Single Response)

( ) Low risk of VTE	Routine, Once Low risk: Due to low risk, no VTE prophylaxis is needed. Will encourgae early ambulation PACU & Post-op

( ) Moderate Risk of DVT - Surgical

Address pharmacologic prophylaxis by selecting one of the following. Mechanical prophylaxis is optional unless pharmacologic prophylaxis is contraindicated.

[ ] Moderate Risk

[ ] Moderate risk of VTE	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op

[ ] Moderate Risk Pharmacological Prophylaxis - Surgical Patient (Single Response)

( ) Patient is currently receiving therapeutic anticoagulation	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis because: patient is already on therapeutic anticoagulation for other indication. Therapy for the following: PACU & Post-op
( ) Contraindications exist for pharmacologic prophylaxis	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op

( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) injection (Single Response)

( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe	40 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 0600 (time critical), Starting S+1
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 0600 (time critical), Starting S+1 For Patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily at 0600, 1800 (time critical), Starting S+1 For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	40 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily at 0600, 1800 (time critical), Starting S+1 For Patient weight of 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min

( ) fondaparinux (ARIXTRA) injection	2.5 mg, subcutaneous, daily, Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op If the patient does not have a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT) do NOT order this medication. Contraindicated in patients LESS than 50kg, prior to surgery/invasive procedure, or CrCl LESS than 30 mL/min. This patient has a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT):
( ) heparin (porcine) injection	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 8 hours, S+1 at 6:00 AM, PACU & Post-op
( ) heparin (porcine) injection (Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight < 50kg and age > 75yrs)	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 12 hours, S+1 at 6:00 AM, PACU & Post-op Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight LESS than 50kg and age GREATER than 75yrs.
( ) warfarin (COUMADIN) tablet	oral, daily at 1700 (time critical), Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op Indication:
( ) Pharmacy consult to manage warfarin (COUMADIN)	STAT, Until discontinued, Starting S Indication:

[ ] Mechanical Prophylaxis (Single Response)

( ) Contraindications exist for mechanical prophylaxis	Routine, Once No mechanical VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
( ) Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op
( ) Place sequential compression device and antiembolic stockings	**"And" Linked Panel**
[ ] Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op
[ ] Place antiembolic stockings	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op

( ) Moderate Risk of DVT - Non-Surgical

Address pharmacologic prophylaxis by selecting one of the following. Mechanical prophylaxis is optional unless pharmacologic prophylaxis is contraindicated.

[ ] Moderate Risk

[ ] Moderate risk of VTE	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op

[ ] Moderate Risk Pharmacological Prophylaxis - Non-Surgical Patient (Single Response)

( ) Patient is currently receiving therapeutic anticoagulation	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis because: patient is already on therapeutic anticoagulation for other indication. Therapy for the following: PACU & Post-op
( ) Contraindications exist for pharmacologic prophylaxis	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op

( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) injection (Single Response)

( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe	40 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 1700 (time critical), Starting S
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 1700 (time critical), Starting S For Patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily, Starting S For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	40 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily, Starting S For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min

( ) fondaparinux (ARIXTRA) injection	2.5 mg, subcutaneous, daily, PACU & Post-op If the patient does not have a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT), do NOT order this medication. Contraindicated in patients LESS than 50kg, prior to surgery/invasive procedure, or CrCl LESS than 30 mL/min This patient has a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT):
( ) heparin (porcine) injection	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 8 hours, PACU & Post-op
( ) heparin (porcine) injection (Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight < 50kg and age > 75yrs)	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 12 hours, PACU & Post-op Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight LESS than 50kg and age GREATER than 75yrs.
( ) warfarin (COUMADIN) tablet	oral, daily at 1700 (time critical), PACU & Post-op Indication:
( ) Pharmacy consult to manage warfarin (COUMADIN)	STAT, Until discontinued, Starting S Indication:
[ ] Mechanical Prophylaxis (Single Response)	
( ) Contraindications exist for mechanical prophylaxis	Routine, Once No mechanical VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
( ) Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op
( ) Place sequential compression device and antiembolic stockings	**"And" Linked Panel**
[ ] Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op
[ ] Place antiembolic stockings	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op

( ) High Risk of DVT - Surgical

Address both pharmacologic and mechanical prophylaxis by ordering from Pharmacological and Mechanical Prophylaxis.

[ ] High Risk	
[ ] High risk of VTE	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op
[ ] High Risk Pharmacological Prophylaxis - Surgical Patient (Single Response)	
( ) Patient is currently receiving therapeutic anticoagulation	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis because: patient is already on therapeutic anticoagulation for other indication. Therapy for the following: PACU & Post-op
( ) Contraindications exist for pharmacologic prophylaxis	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) injection (Single Response)	
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe	40 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 0600 (time critical), Starting S+1
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 0600 (time critical), Starting S+1 For Patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily at 0600, 1800 (time critical), Starting S+1 For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	40 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily at 0600, 1800 (time critical), Starting S+1 For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min

( ) fondaparinux (ARIXTRA) injection	2.5 mg, subcutaneous, daily, Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op If the patient does not have a history or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT) do NOT order this medication. Contraindicated in patients LESS than 50kg, prior to surgery/invasive procedure, or CrCl LESS than 30 mL/min. This patient has a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT):
( ) heparin (porcine) injection	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 8 hours, S+1 at 6:00 AM, PACU & Post-op
( ) heparin (porcine) injection (Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight < 50kg and age > 75yrs)	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 12 hours, S+1 at 6:00 AM, PACU & Post-op Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight LESS than 50kg and age GREATER than 75yrs.
( ) warfarin (COUMADIN) tablet	oral, daily at 1700 (time critical), Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op Indication:
( ) Pharmacy consult to manage warfarin (COUMADIN)	STAT, Until discontinued, Starting S Indication:

[ ] Mechanical Prophylaxis (Single Response)

( ) Contraindications exist for mechanical prophylaxis	Routine, Once No mechanical VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
( ) Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op
( ) Place sequential compression device and antiembolic stockings	**"And" Linked Panel**
[ ] Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op
[ ] Place antiembolic stockings	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op

( ) High Risk of DVT - Non-Surgical

Address both pharmacologic and mechanical prophylaxis by ordering from Pharmacological and Mechanical Prophylaxis.

[ ] High Risk

[ ] High risk of VTE	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op

[ ] High Risk Pharmacological Prophylaxis - Non-Surgical Patient (Single Response)

( ) Patient is currently receiving therapeutic anticoagulation	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis because: patient is already on therapeutic anticoagulation for other indication. Therapy for the following: PACU & Post-op
( ) Contraindications exist for pharmacologic prophylaxis	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op

( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) injection (Single Response)

( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe	40 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 1700 (time critical), Starting S
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 1700 (time critical), Starting S For Patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily, Starting S For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	40 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily, Starting S For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min

( ) fondaparinux (ARIXTRA) injection	2.5 mg, subcutaneous, daily, PACU & Post-op If the patient does not have a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT) do NOT order this medication. Contraindicated in patients LESS than 50kg, prior to surgery/invasive procedure, or CrCl LESS than 30 mL/min. This patient has a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT):
( ) heparin (porcine) injection	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 8 hours, PACU & Post-op
( ) heparin (porcine) injection (Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight < 50kg and age > 75yrs)	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 12 hours, PACU & Post-op Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight LESS than 50kg and age GREATER than 75yrs.
( ) warfarin (COUMADIN) tablet	oral, daily at 1700 (time critical), PACU & Post-op Indication:
( ) Pharmacy consult to manage warfarin (COUMADIN)	STAT, Until discontinued, Starting S Indication:
[ ] Mechanical Prophylaxis (Single Response)	
( ) Contraindications exist for mechanical prophylaxis	Routine, Once No mechanical VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
( ) Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op
( ) Place sequential compression device and antiembolic stockings	**"And" Linked Panel**
[ ] Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op
[ ] Place antiembolic stockings	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op

( ) High Risk of DVT - Surgical (Hip/Knee)

Address both pharmacologic and mechanical prophylaxis by ordering from Pharmacological and Mechanical Prophylaxis.

[ ] High Risk	
[ ] High risk of VTE	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op
[ ] High Risk Pharmacological Prophylaxis - Hip or Knee (Arthroplasty) Surgical Patient (Single Response)	
( ) Patient is currently receiving therapeutic anticoagulation	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis because: patient is already on therapeutic anticoagulation for other indication. Therapy for the following: PACU & Post-op
( ) Contraindications exist for pharmacologic prophylaxis	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
( ) apixaban (ELIQUIS) tablet	2.5 mg, oral, every 12 hours, Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op Indications:
( ) aspirin chewable tablet	162 mg, oral, daily, Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op
( ) aspirin (ECOTRIN) enteric coated tablet	162 mg, oral, daily, Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) injection (Single Response)	
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - hip arthoplasty	40 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 0600 (time critical), Starting S+1
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - knee arthroplasty	30 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily at 0600, 1800 (time critical), Starting S+1
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min - knee/hip arthroplasty	30 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 0600 (time critical), Starting S+1 For Patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min.
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily at 0600, 1800 (time critical), Starting S+1 For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min.

( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	40 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily at 0600, 1800 (time critical), Starting S+1 For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min
( ) fondaparinux (ARIXTRA) injection	2.5 mg, subcutaneous, daily, Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op If the patient does not have a history or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT) do NOT order this medication. Contraindicated in patients LESS than 50kg, prior to surgery/invasive procedure, or CrCl LESS than 30 mL/min This patient has a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT):
( ) heparin (porcine) injection	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 8 hours, S+1 at 6:00 AM, PACU & Post-op
( ) heparin (porcine) injection (Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight < 50kg and age > 75yrs)	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 12 hours, S+1 at 6:00 AM, PACU & Post-op Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight LESS than 50kg and age GREATER than 75yrs.
( ) rivaroxaban (XARELTO) tablet for hip or knee arthroplasty planned during this admission	10 mg, oral, daily at 0600 (time critical), Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op To be Given on Post Op Day 1. Indications:
( ) warfarin (COUMADIN) tablet	oral, daily at 1700 (time critical), Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op Indication:
( ) Pharmacy consult to manage warfarin (COUMADIN)	STAT, Until discontinued, Starting S Indication:
[ ] Mechanical Prophylaxis (Single Response)	
( ) Contraindications exist for mechanical prophylaxis	Routine, Once No mechanical VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
( ) Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op
( ) Place sequential compression device and antiembolic stockings	**"And" Linked Panel**
[ ] Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op
[ ] Place antiembolic stockings	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op

DVT Risk and Prophylaxis Tool (Single Response)

Low Risk Definition Moderate Risk Definition
Pharmacologic prophylaxis must be addressed. Mechanical prophylaxis is optional unless pharmacologic is contraindicated. High Risk Definition
Both pharmacologic AND mechanical prophylaxis must be addressed.
Age less than 60 years and NO other VTE risk factors One or more of the following medical conditions: One or more of the following medical conditions:
Patient already adequately anticoagulated CHF, MI, lung disease, pneumonia, active inflammation, dehydration, varicose veins, cancer, sepsis, obesity, previous stroke, rheumatologic disease, sickle cell disease, leg swelling, ulcers, venous stasis and nephrotic syndrome Thrombophilia (Factor V Leiden, prothrombin variant mutations, anticardiolipin antibody syndrome; antithrombin, protein C or protein S deficiency; hyperhomocysteinemia; myeloproliferative disorders)
Age 60 and above Severe fracture of hip, pelvis or leg
Central line Acute spinal cord injury with paresis
History of DVT or family history of VTE Multiple major traumas
Anticipated length of stay GREATER than 48 hours Abdominal or pelvic surgery for CANCER
Less than fully and independently ambulatory Acute ischemic stroke
Estrogen therapy History of PE
Moderate or major surgery (not for cancer)
Major surgery within 3 months of admission

( ) Low Risk of DVT

[ ] Low Risk (Single Response)	
( ) Low risk of VTE	Routine, Once Low risk: Due to low risk, no VTE prophylaxis is needed. Will encourgae early ambulation PACU & Post-op

( ) Moderate Risk of DVT - Surgical

Address pharmacologic prophylaxis by selecting one of the following. Mechanical prophylaxis is optional unless pharmacologic prophylaxis is contraindicated.

[ ] Moderate Risk	
[ ] Moderate risk of VTE	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op
[ ] Moderate Risk Pharmacological Prophylaxis - Surgical Patient (Single Response)	
( ) Patient is currently receiving therapeutic anticoagulation	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis because: patient is already on therapeutic anticoagulation for other indication. Therapy for the following: PACU & Post-op
( ) Contraindications exist for pharmacologic prophylaxis	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) injection (Single Response)	
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe	40 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 0600 (time critical), Starting S+1
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 0600 (time critical), Starting S+1 For Patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily at 0600, 1800 (time critical), Starting S+1 For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	40 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily at 0600, 1800 (time critical), Starting S+1 For Patient weight of 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min
( ) fondaparinux (ARIXTRA) injection	2.5 mg, subcutaneous, daily, Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op If the patient does not have a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT) do NOT order this medication. Contraindicated in patients LESS than 50kg, prior to surgery/invasive procedure, or CrCl LESS than 30 mL/min. This patient has a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT):
( ) heparin (porcine) injection	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 8 hours, S+1 at 6:00 AM, PACU & Post-op
( ) heparin (porcine) injection (Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight < 50kg and age > 75yrs)	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 12 hours, S+1 at 6:00 AM, PACU & Post-op Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight LESS than 50kg and age GREATER than 75yrs.
( ) warfarin (COUMADIN) tablet	oral, daily at 1700 (time critical), Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op Indication:
( ) Pharmacy consult to manage warfarin (COUMADIN)	STAT, Until discontinued, Starting S Indication:
[ ] Mechanical Prophylaxis (Single Response)	
( ) Contraindications exist for mechanical prophylaxis	Routine, Once No mechanical VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op

( ) Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op
( ) Place sequential compression device and antiembolic stockings	**"And" Linked Panel**
[ ] Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op
[ ] Place antiembolic stockings	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op

( ) Moderate Risk of DVT - Non-Surgical

Address pharmacologic prophylaxis by selecting one of the following. Mechanical prophylaxis is optional unless pharmacologic prophylaxis is contraindicated.

[ ] Moderate Risk	
[ ] Moderate risk of VTE	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op
[ ] Moderate Risk Pharmacological Prophylaxis - Non-Surgical Patient (Single Response)	
( ) Patient is currently receiving therapeutic anticoagulation	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis because: patient is already on therapeutic anticoagulation for other indication. Therapy for the following: PACU & Post-op
( ) Contraindications exist for pharmacologic prophylaxis	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) injection (Single Response)	
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe	40 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 1700 (time critical), Starting S
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 1700 (time critical), Starting S For Patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily, Starting S For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	40 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily, Starting S For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min
( ) fondaparinux (ARIXTRA) injection	2.5 mg, subcutaneous, daily, PACU & Post-op If the patient does not have a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT), do NOT order this medication. Contraindicated in patients LESS than 50kg, prior to surgery/invasive procedure, or CrCl LESS than 30 mL/min This patient has a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT):
( ) heparin (porcine) injection	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 8 hours, PACU & Post-op
( ) heparin (porcine) injection (Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight < 50kg and age > 75yrs)	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 12 hours, PACU & Post-op Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight LESS than 50kg and age GREATER than 75yrs.
( ) warfarin (COUMADIN) tablet	oral, daily at 1700 (time critical), PACU & Post-op Indication:
( ) Pharmacy consult to manage warfarin (COUMADIN)	STAT, Until discontinued, Starting S Indication:
[ ] Mechanical Prophylaxis (Single Response)	
( ) Contraindications exist for mechanical prophylaxis	Routine, Once No mechanical VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
( ) Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op
( ) Place sequential compression device and antiembolic stockings	**"And" Linked Panel**

[ ] Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op
[ ] Place antiembolic stockings	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op

( ) High Risk of DVT - Surgical

Address both pharmacologic and mechanical prophylaxis by ordering from Pharmacological and Mechanical Prophylaxis.

[ ] High Risk	
[ ] High risk of VTE	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op
[ ] High Risk Pharmacological Prophylaxis - Surgical Patient (Single Response)	
( ) Patient is currently receiving therapeutic anticoagulation	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis because: patient is already on therapeutic anticoagulation for other indication. Therapy for the following: PACU & Post-op
( ) Contraindications exist for pharmacologic prophylaxis	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) injection (Single Response)	
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe	40 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 0600 (time critical), Starting S+1
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 0600 (time critical), Starting S+1 For Patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily at 0600, 1800 (time critical), Starting S+1 For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	40 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily at 0600, 1800 (time critical), Starting S+1 For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min
( ) fondaparinux (ARIXTRA) injection	2.5 mg, subcutaneous, daily, Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op If the patient does not have a history or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT) do NOT order this medication. Contraindicated in patients LESS than 50kg, prior to surgery/invasive procedure, or CrCl LESS than 30 mL/min. This patient has a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT):
( ) heparin (porcine) injection	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 8 hours, S+1 at 6:00 AM, PACU & Post-op
( ) heparin (porcine) injection (Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight < 50kg and age > 75yrs)	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 12 hours, S+1 at 6:00 AM, PACU & Post-op Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight LESS than 50kg and age GREATER than 75yrs.
( ) warfarin (COUMADIN) tablet	oral, daily at 1700 (time critical), Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op Indication:
( ) Pharmacy consult to manage warfarin (COUMADIN)	STAT, Until discontinued, Starting S Indication:
[ ] Mechanical Prophylaxis (Single Response)	
( ) Contraindications exist for mechanical prophylaxis	Routine, Once No mechanical VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
( ) Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op
( ) Place sequential compression device and antiembolic stockings	**"And" Linked Panel**

[ ] Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op
[ ] Place antiembolic stockings	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op

( ) High Risk of DVT - Non-Surgical

Address both pharmacologic and mechanical prophylaxis by ordering from Pharmacological and Mechanical Prophylaxis.

[ ] High Risk	
[ ] High risk of VTE	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op
[ ] High Risk Pharmacological Prophylaxis - Non-Surgical Patient (Single Response)	
( ) Patient is currently receiving therapeutic anticoagulation	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis because: patient is already on therapeutic anticoagulation for other indication. Therapy for the following: PACU & Post-op
( ) Contraindications exist for pharmacologic prophylaxis	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) injection (Single Response)	
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe	40 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 1700 (time critical), Starting S
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 1700 (time critical), Starting S For Patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily, Starting S For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	40 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily, Starting S For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min
( ) fondaparinux (ARIXTRA) injection	2.5 mg, subcutaneous, daily, PACU & Post-op If the patient does not have a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT) do NOT order this medication. Contraindicated in patients LESS than 50kg, prior to surgery/invasive procedure, or CrCl LESS than 30 mL/min. This patient has a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT):
( ) heparin (porcine) injection	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 8 hours, PACU & Post-op
( ) heparin (porcine) injection (Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight < 50kg and age > 75yrs)	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 12 hours, PACU & Post-op Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight LESS than 50kg and age GREATER than 75yrs.
( ) warfarin (COUMADIN) tablet	oral, daily at 1700 (time critical), PACU & Post-op Indication:
( ) Pharmacy consult to manage warfarin (COUMADIN)	STAT, Until discontinued, Starting S Indication:
[ ] Mechanical Prophylaxis (Single Response)	
( ) Contraindications exist for mechanical prophylaxis	Routine, Once No mechanical VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
( ) Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op
( ) Place sequential compression device and antiembolic stockings	**"And" Linked Panel**
[ ] Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op
[ ] Place antiembolic stockings	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op

( ) High Risk of DVT - Surgical (Hip/Knee)

Address both pharmacologic and mechanical prophylaxis by ordering from Pharmacological and Mechanical Prophylaxis.

[ ] High Risk	
[ ] High risk of VTE	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op
[ ] High Risk Pharmacological Prophylaxis - Hip or Knee (Arthroplasty) Surgical Patient (Single Response)	
( ) Patient is currently receiving therapeutic anticoagulation	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis because: patient is already on therapeutic anticoagulation for other indication. Therapy for the following: PACU & Post-op
( ) Contraindications exist for pharmacologic prophylaxis	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
( ) apixaban (ELIQUIS) tablet	2.5 mg, oral, every 12 hours, Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op Indications:
( ) aspirin chewable tablet	162 mg, oral, daily, Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op
( ) aspirin (ECOTRIN) enteric coated tablet	162 mg, oral, daily, Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) injection (Single Response)	
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - hip arthoplasty	40 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 0600 (time critical), Starting S+1
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - knee arthroplasty	30 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily at 0600, 1800 (time critical), Starting S+1
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min - knee/hip arthroplasty	30 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 0600 (time critical), Starting S+1 For Patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min.
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily at 0600, 1800 (time critical), Starting S+1 For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min.
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	40 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily at 0600, 1800 (time critical), Starting S+1 For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min
( ) fondaparinux (ARIXTRA) injection	2.5 mg, subcutaneous, daily, Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op If the patient does not have a history or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT) do NOT order this medication. Contraindicated in patients LESS than 50kg, prior to surgery/invasive procedure, or CrCl LESS than 30 mL/min This patient has a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT):
( ) heparin (porcine) injection	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 8 hours, S+1 at 6:00 AM, PACU & Post-op
( ) heparin (porcine) injection (Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight < 50kg and age > 75yrs)	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 12 hours, S+1 at 6:00 AM, PACU & Post-op Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight LESS than 50kg and age GREATER than 75yrs.
( ) rivaroxaban (XARELTO) tablet for hip or knee arthroplasty planned during this admission	10 mg, oral, daily at 0600 (time critical), Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op To be Given on Post Op Day 1. Indications:
( ) warfarin (COUMADIN) tablet	oral, daily at 1700 (time critical), Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op Indication:
( ) Pharmacy consult to manage warfarin (COUMADIN)	STAT, Until discontinued, Starting S Indication:
[ ] Mechanical Prophylaxis (Single Response)	

( )	Contraindications exist for mechanical prophylaxis	Routine, Once No mechanical VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
( )	Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op
( )	Place sequential compression device and antiembolic stockings	**"And" Linked Panel**
[ ]	Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op
[ ]	Place antiembolic stockings	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op

Labs

Labs

[ ]	Hemoglobin and hematocrit	Once, PACU

Cardiology

Imaging

Other Studies

Respiratory

Rehab

Consults

For Physician Consult orders use sidebar

Additional Orders